

Autocorrelation Plots for ACQ164 ADC Noise

1. Formalism Followed:

Autocorrelation plots are formed by

- **Vertical axis: Autocorrelation coefficient**

$$R_h = C_h / C_0$$

where C_h is the autocovariance function

$$C_h = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{t=1}^{N-h} (Y_t - \bar{Y})(Y_{t+h} - \bar{Y})$$

and C_0 is the variance function

$$C_0 = \frac{\sum_{t=1}^N (Y_t - \bar{Y})^2}{N}$$

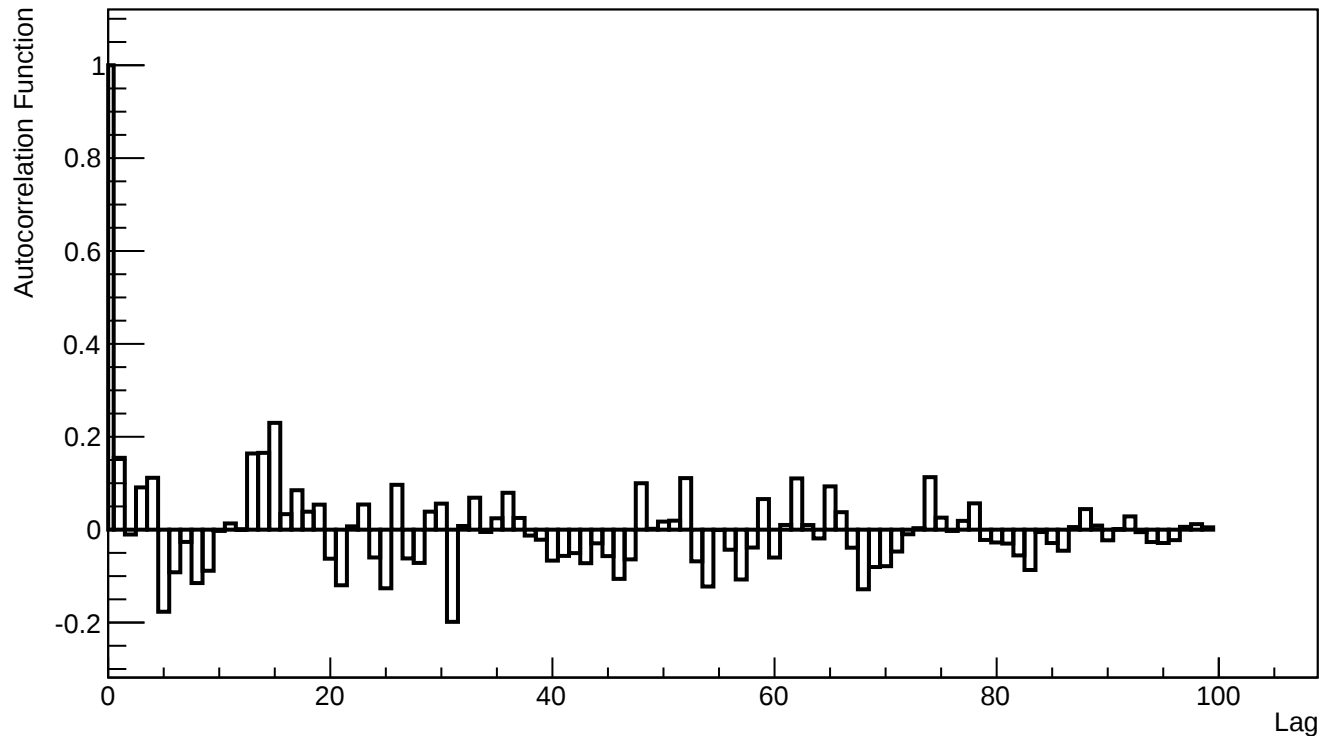
Note that R_h is between -1 and +1.

- **Horizontal axis: Time lag h ($h = 1, 2, 3, \dots$)**

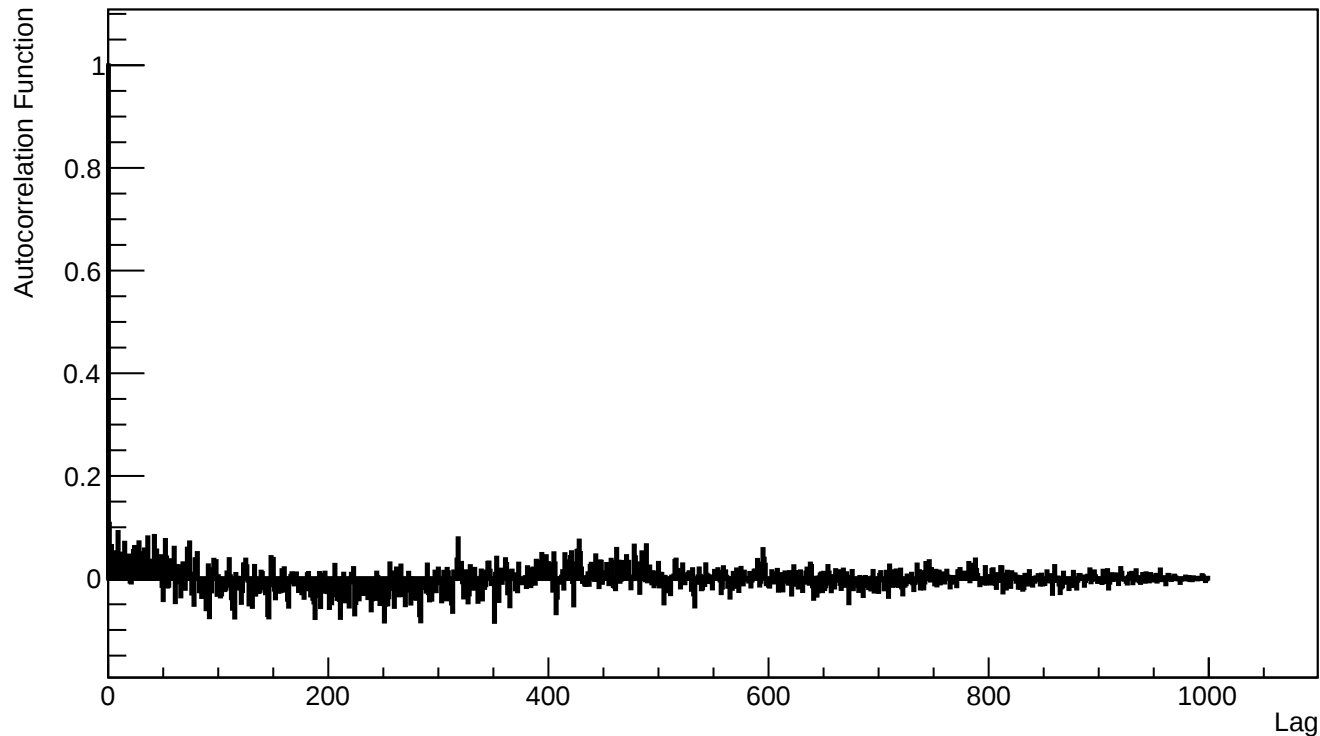
2. In the data set there were few (3 or 4) values which were completely out of any scale (10^9 times out of scale), those ADC values were replaced by hand by the average of previous and next ADC value.

3. X-axis unit: 1 lag= 100 micro second(for 10KHz) or 20 micro second (for 50KHz), Y-axis unit: Unitless

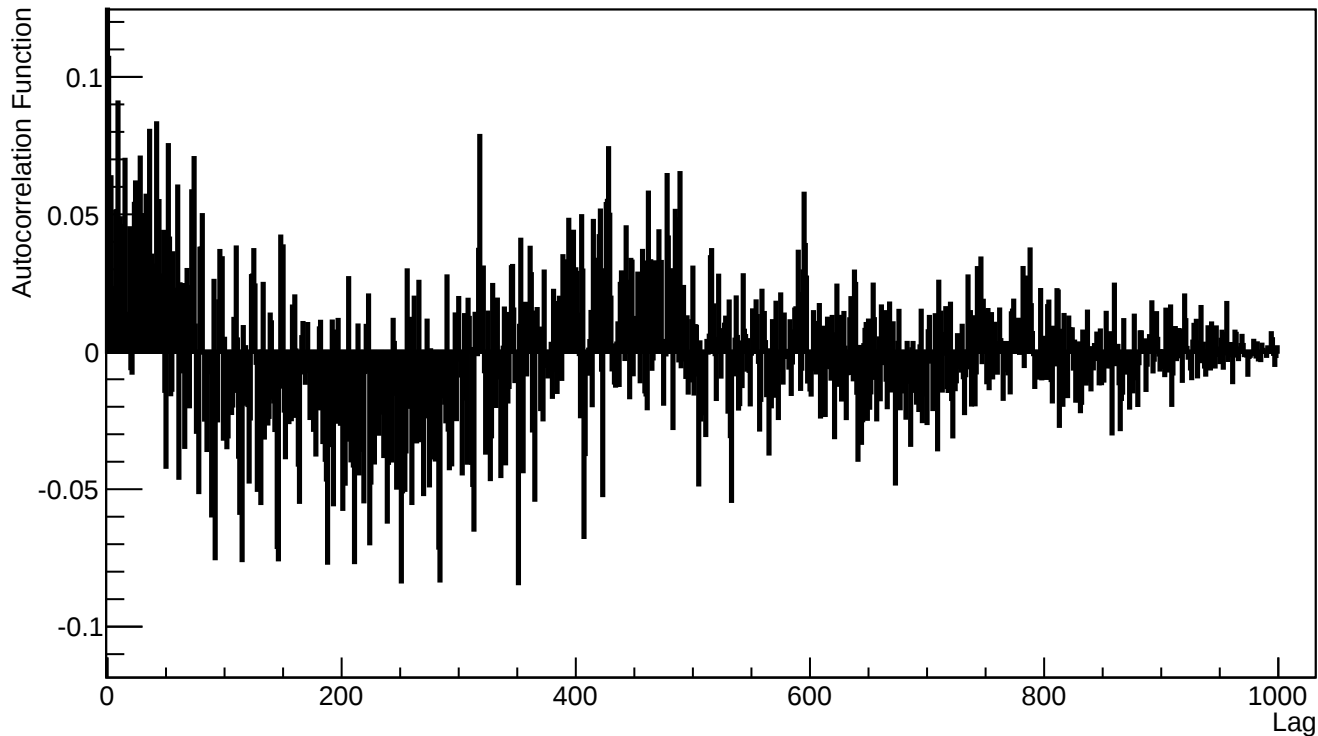
Autocorrelation plot(ACQ164 running at 10KHz) for 100 entries



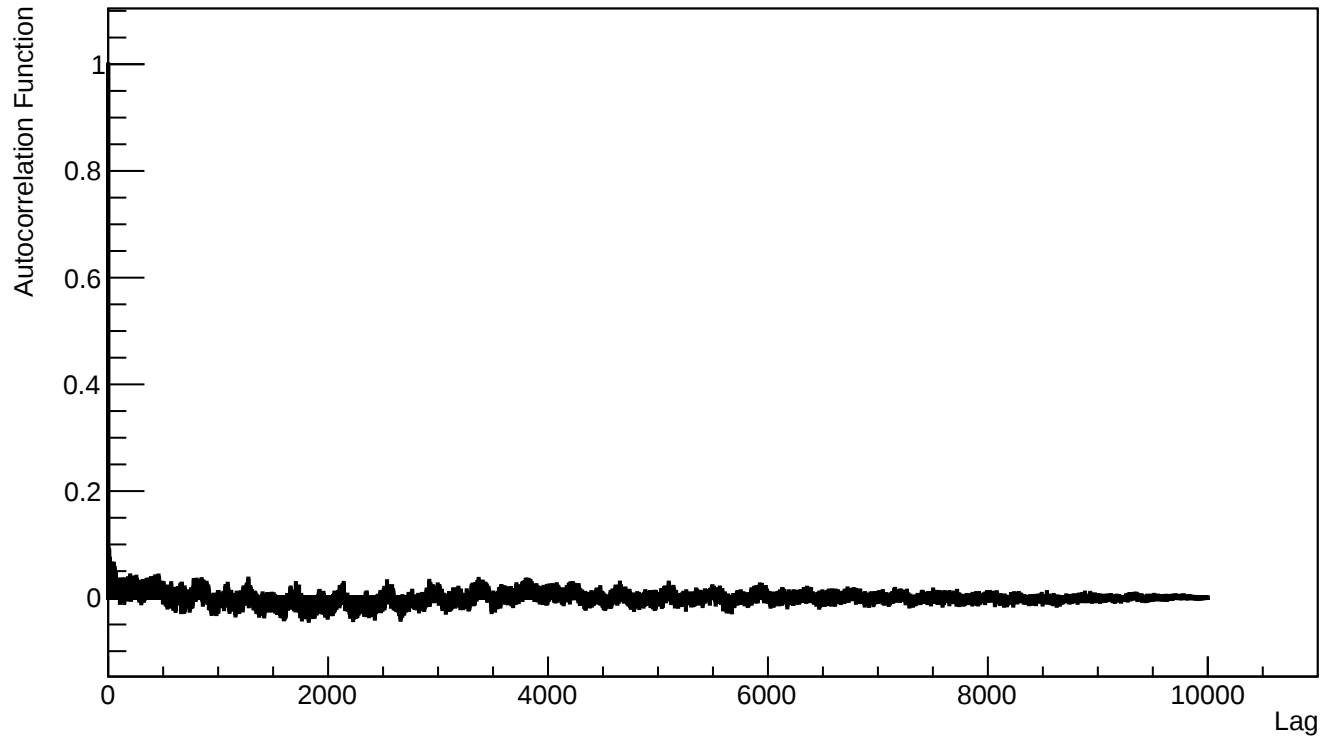
Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 10KHz) for 1000 Entries



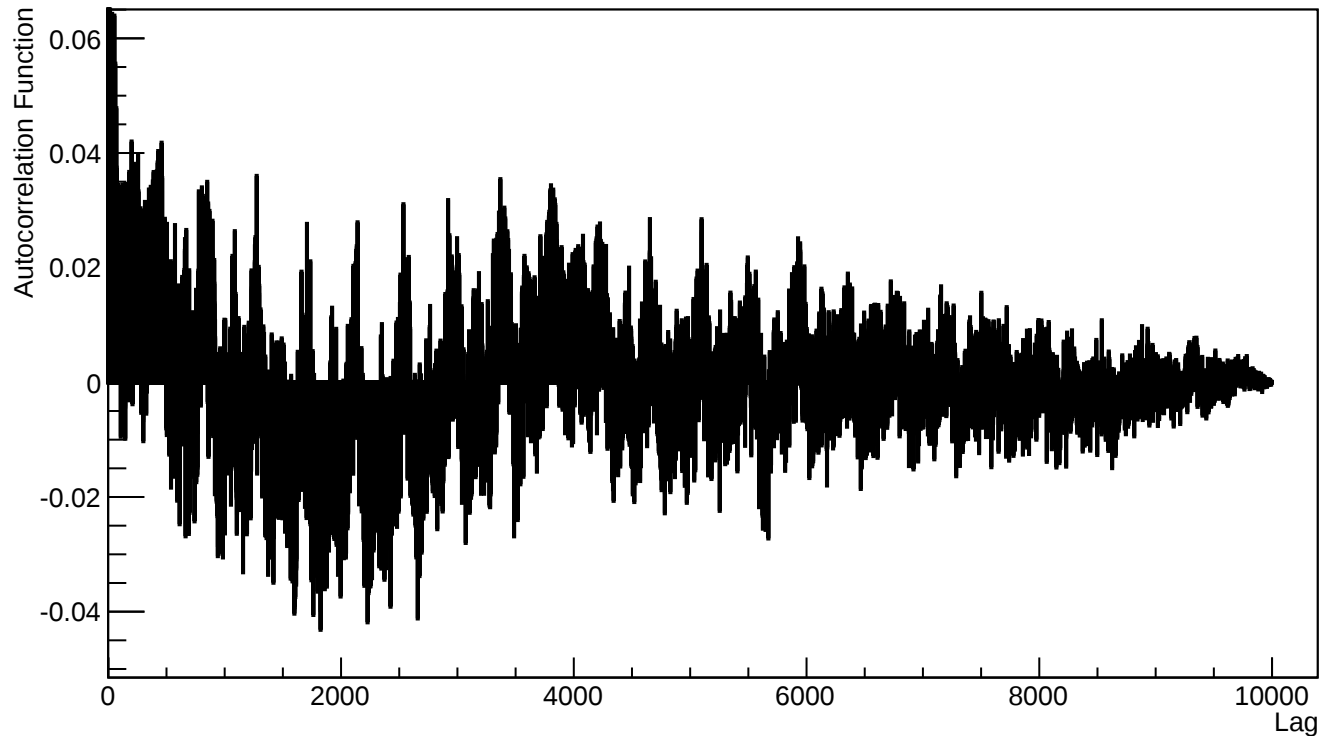
Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 10KHz) for 1000 Entries (Zoomed)



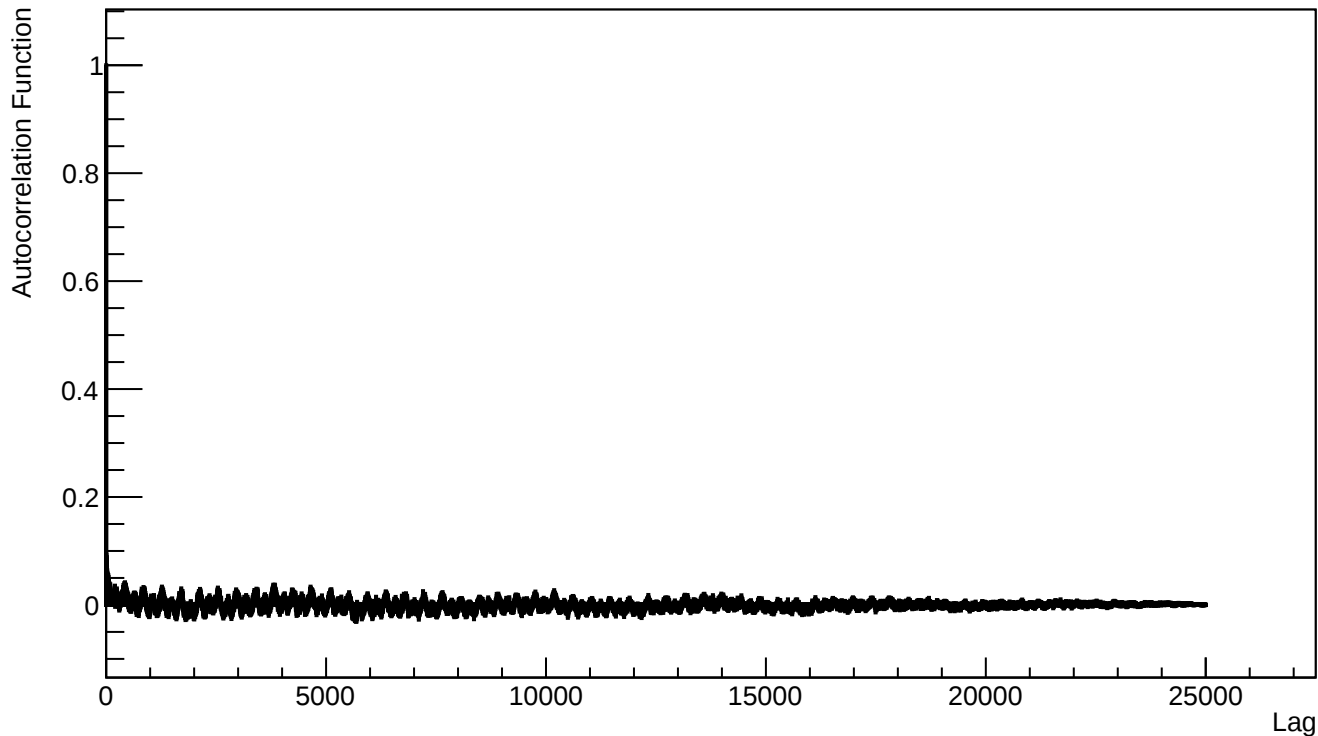
Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 10KHz) for 10000 Entries



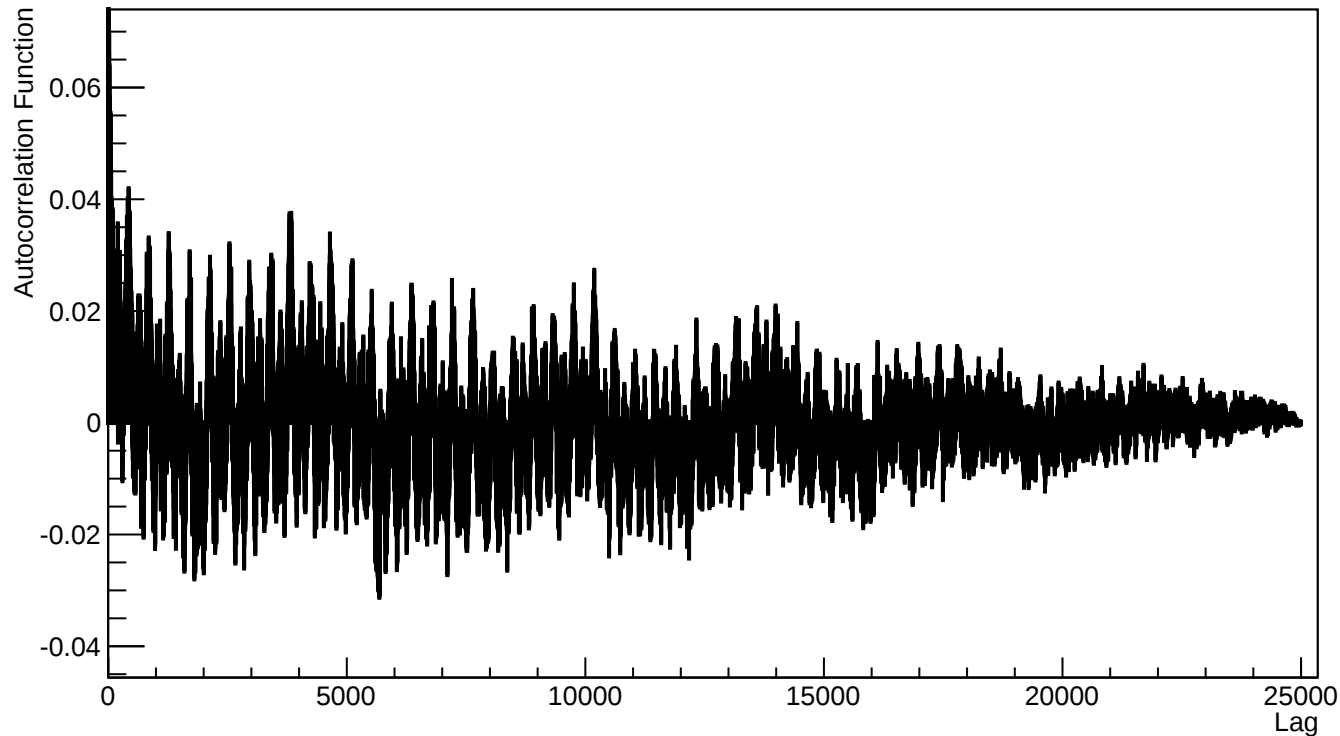
Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 10KHz) for 10000 Entries (Zoomed)



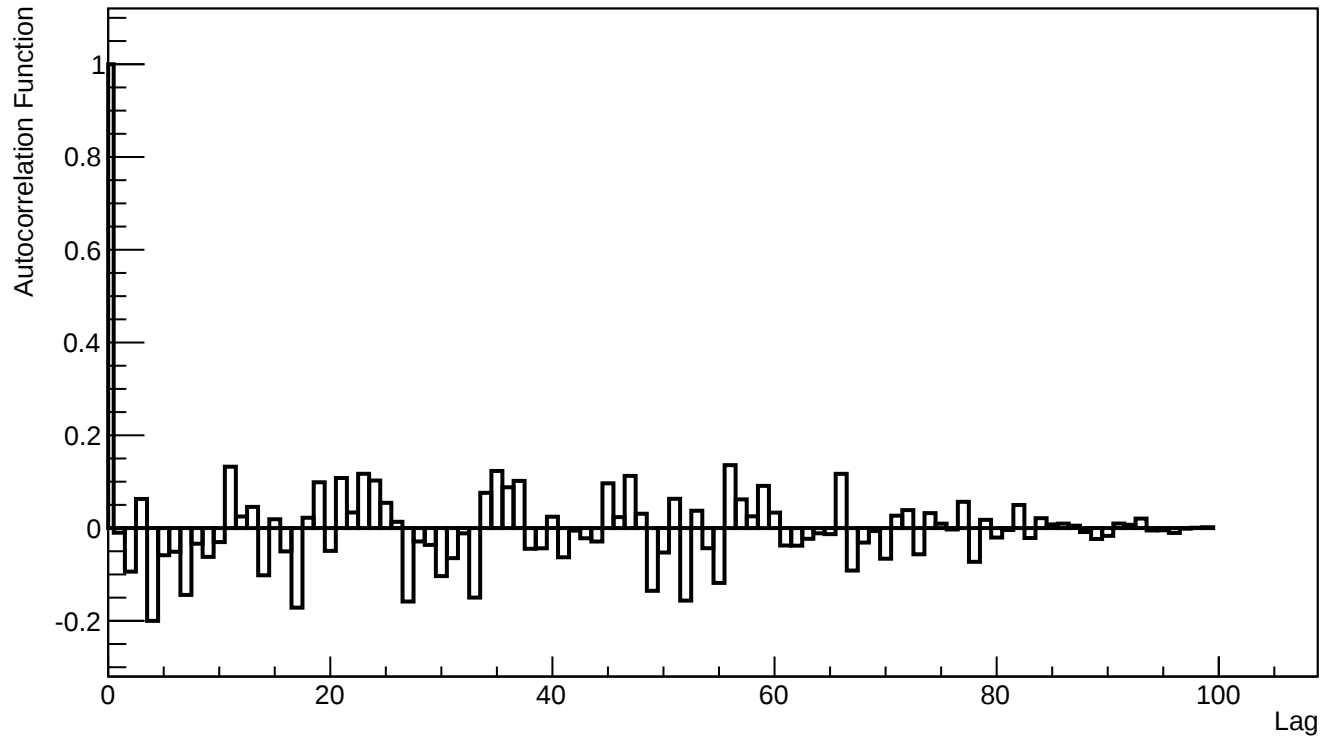
Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 10KHz) for 25000 Entries



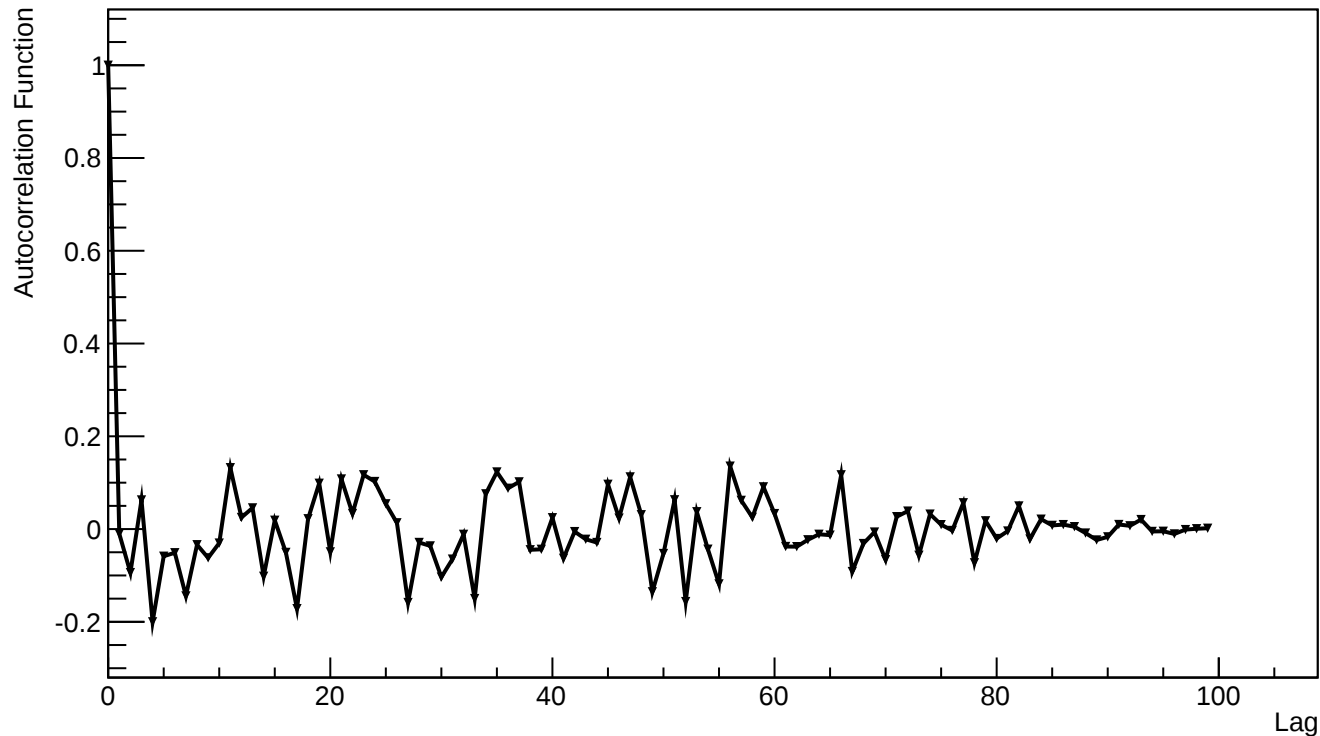
Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 10KHz) for 25000 Entries (Zoomed)



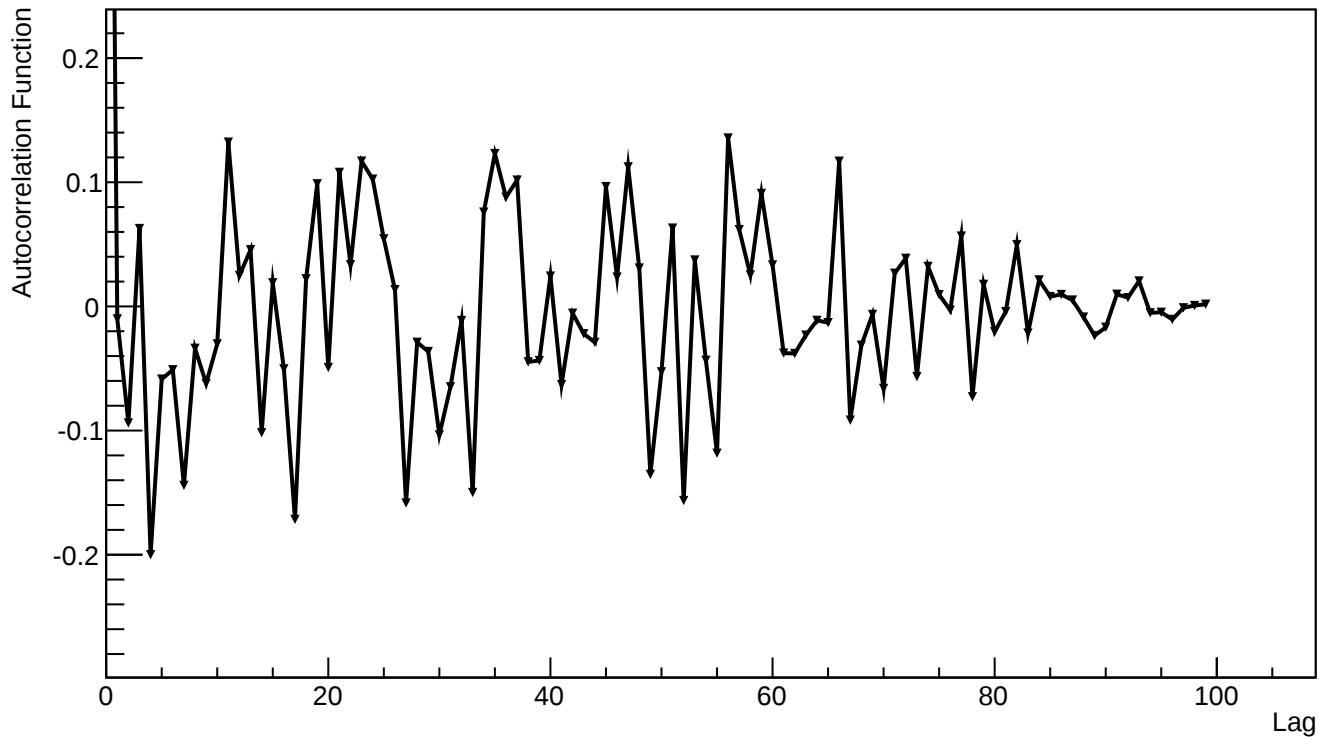
Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 50KHz) for 100 Entries



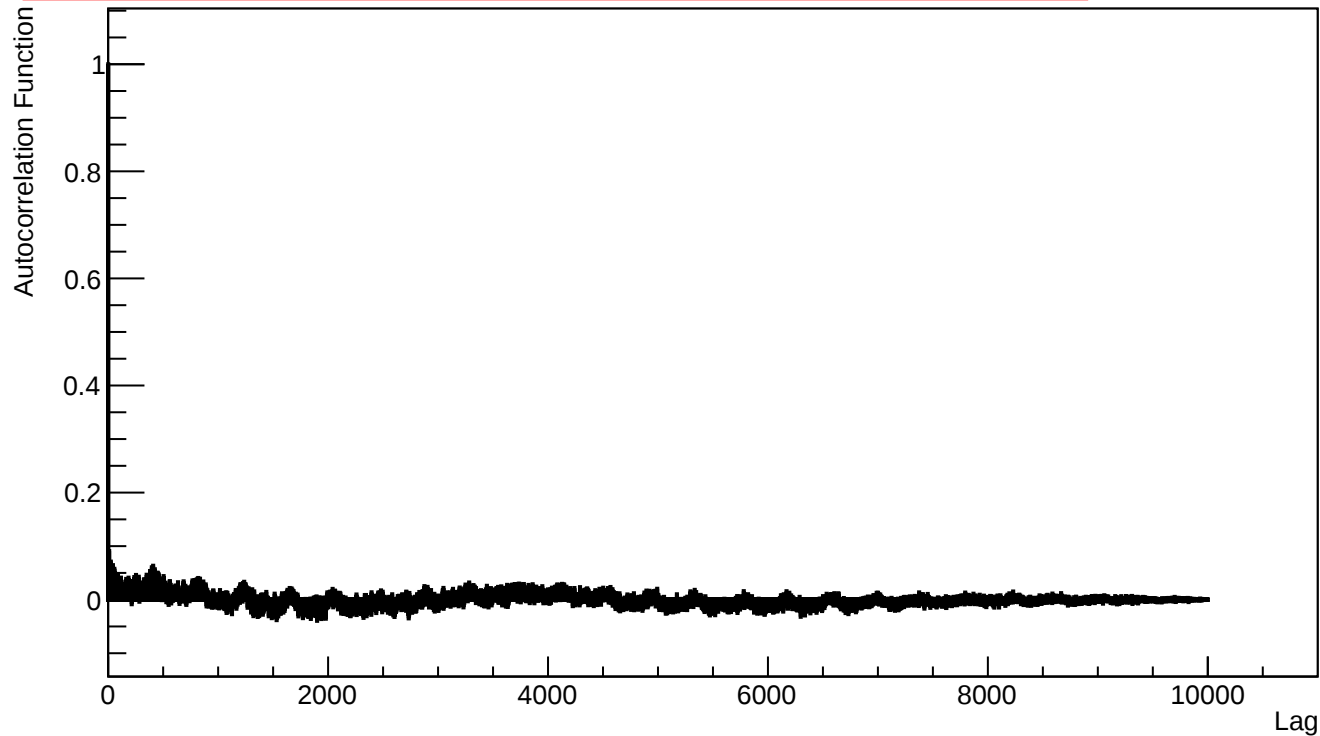
Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 50KHz) for 100 Entries



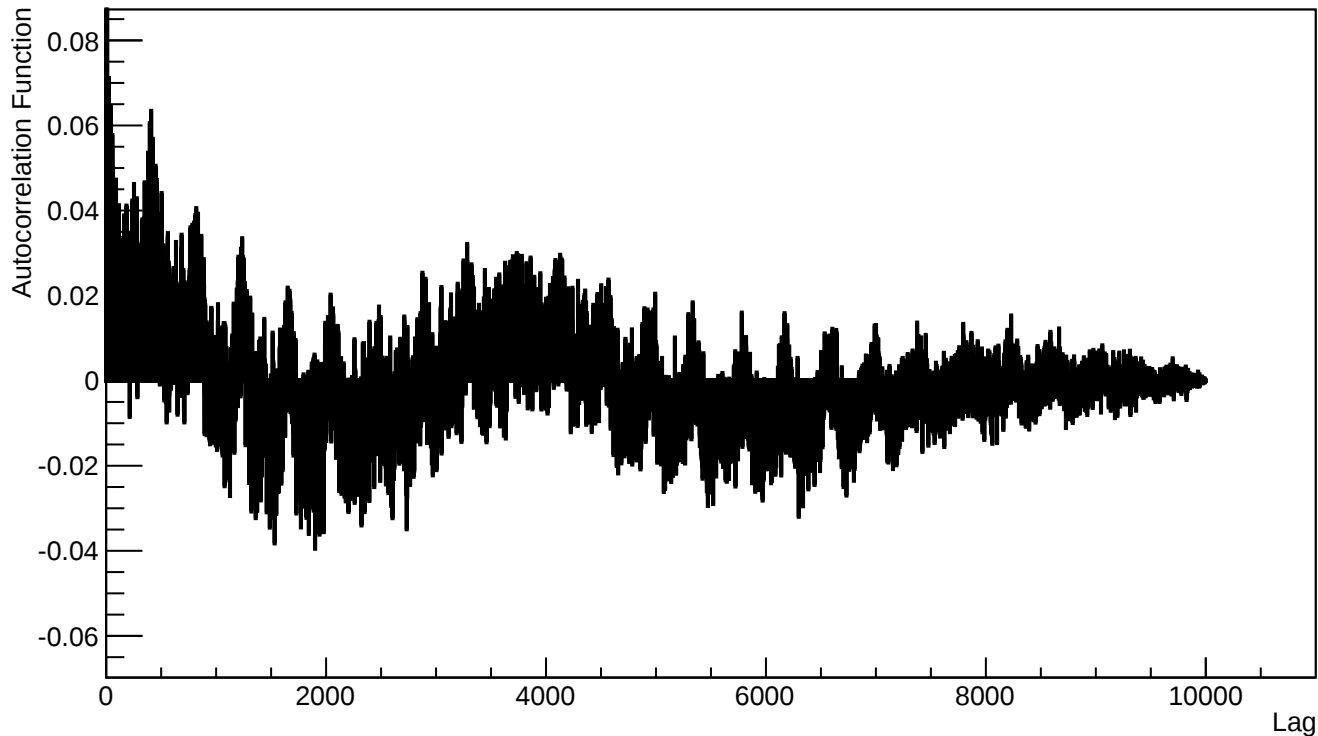
Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 50KHz) for 100 Entries (Zoomed)



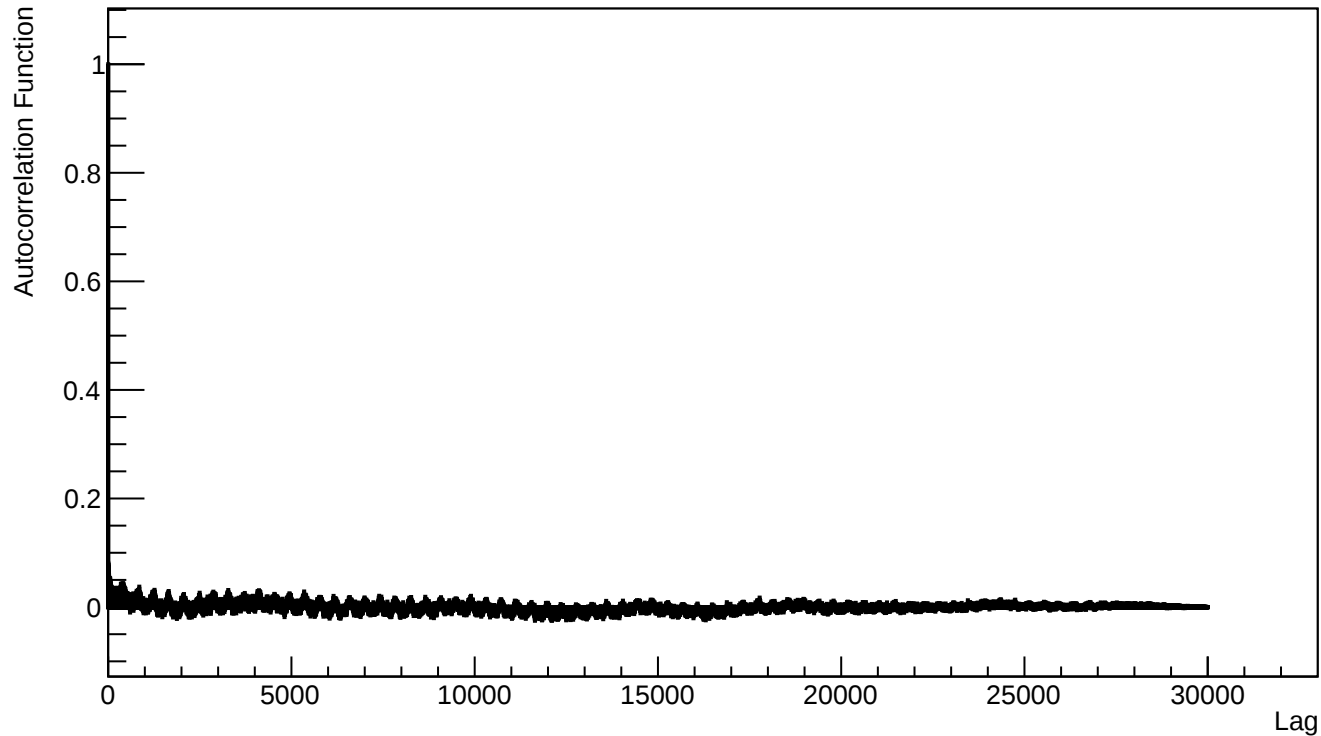
Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 50KHz) for 10000 Entries



Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 50KHz) for 10000 Entries (Zoomed)



Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 50KHz)



Autocorrelation Plot (ACQ164 running at 50KHz) (Zoomed)

