

L31-Uncertainty Principle: Position

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* recall:

a) Heisenberg uncertainty principle: $\Delta x \cdot \Delta k \geq \frac{1}{2}$
 complementarity between wavelength and position
 "x" and "p" representations Fourier transforms

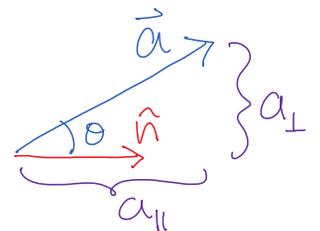
b) Simultaneous diagonalization of commuting operators
 $A \neq B$ have the same definite states $\Leftrightarrow [A, B] = 0$

$$[x, p] \psi = x(-i\hbar \partial_x) \psi + i\hbar \partial_x (x \psi) = (i\hbar \frac{\partial x}{\partial x}) \psi = i\hbar \psi$$

- connection between these two: Generalized Uncertainty Principle

* Projections - Schwartz inequality.

$$\vec{a} \cdot \left[\begin{array}{l} \vec{a} = \vec{a}_{\parallel} + \vec{a}_{\perp} = \hat{n} \hat{n} \cdot \vec{a} - \hat{n} \times (\hat{n} \times \vec{a}) \\ (b^2 \vec{a}) = b^2 (a_{\parallel} + a_{\perp}) = \vec{b} \vec{b} \cdot \vec{a} - \vec{b} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{a}) \\ a^2 b^2 = a^2 b^2 (\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta) = (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})^2 + (\vec{a} \times \vec{b})^2 \end{array} \right]$$



$$P_{\parallel b} = \frac{\vec{b} \vec{b} \cdot}{\vec{b} \cdot \vec{b}}$$

$$P_{\parallel b}^2 = \frac{\vec{b} \vec{b} \cdot}{\vec{b} \cdot \vec{b}} \frac{\vec{b} \vec{b} \cdot}{\vec{b} \cdot \vec{b}} = \frac{\vec{b} \vec{b} \cdot}{\vec{b} \cdot \vec{b}} = P_{\parallel b}$$

$$P_{\perp b} = 1 - P_{\parallel b}$$

$$P_{\perp b}^2 = (1 - P_{\parallel b})^2 = 1 - 2P_{\parallel b} + P_{\parallel b}^2 = 1 - P_{\parallel b} = P_{\perp b}$$

- projection operators are idempotent:

only the first operation has any effect;
 acts like the identity after the first

- compare nilpotent: $N^n = 0$ for some n

example: a_{\perp} on a finite space of states.

$$\langle f|f \rangle \langle g|g \rangle = \langle f|f \rangle \langle g| P_{\parallel f} + P_{\perp f} |g \rangle$$

$$= \langle f|g \rangle \langle g|f \rangle + \langle f|f \rangle \underbrace{\left| \left(1 - \frac{f \cdot f}{\langle f|f \rangle} \right) |g \rangle \right|^2}_{P_{\perp}}$$

$$= \langle f|g \rangle \langle g|f \rangle + \langle f|f \rangle \underbrace{\left| \left(1 - \frac{\langle f|g \rangle \langle g|f \rangle}{\langle f|f \rangle}\right) \right|^2}_{P_{\perp f}} |g \rangle \langle g|$$

$$\geq |\langle f|g \rangle|^2 \quad \text{equality if } |f \rangle = c |g \rangle \quad \text{ie. } P_{\perp f} |g \rangle = 0.$$

* uncertainty and operators:

$$\sigma_A^2 = \langle (\hat{A} - \langle A \rangle)^2 \rangle = \langle \hat{A}^2 - 2A \langle A \rangle + \langle A \rangle^2 \rangle = \langle \hat{A}^2 \rangle - \langle \hat{A} \rangle^2$$

$$= \langle f|f \rangle \quad \text{where } |f \rangle = (\hat{A} - \langle A \rangle) |\psi \rangle$$

in a sense,
 $\langle \dots \rangle_I$ is also
 idempotent!

$$\sigma_B^2 = \langle g|g \rangle \quad \text{where } |g \rangle = (\hat{B} - \langle B \rangle) |\psi \rangle$$

$$\sigma_A^2 \sigma_B^2 = \langle f|f \rangle \langle g|g \rangle \geq \underbrace{|\langle f|g \rangle|^2}_z \geq \left[\underbrace{\frac{1}{2i} (\langle f|g \rangle - \langle g|f \rangle)}_{\text{imaginary part of } z} \right]^2$$

$$\text{where } |z|^2 = (\text{Re } z)^2 + (\text{Im } z)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{2} (z + z^*) \right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2i} (z - z^*) \right)^2$$

$$z = \langle f|g \rangle = \langle \psi | (\hat{A} - \langle A \rangle) (\hat{B} - \langle B \rangle) | \psi \rangle = \langle \psi | \hat{A} \hat{B} | \psi \rangle - \langle A \rangle \langle B \rangle$$

$$z^* = \langle g|f \rangle = \langle \psi | \hat{B} \hat{A} | \psi \rangle - \langle A \rangle \langle B \rangle$$

$$\text{Re } z = \frac{1}{2} \langle \psi | \{A, B\} | \psi \rangle - \langle A \rangle \langle B \rangle$$

$$\{A, B\} = AB + BA$$

$$\text{Im } z = \frac{1}{2i} \langle \psi | [A, B] | \psi \rangle$$

$$[A, B] = AB - BA$$

$$\text{thus } \sigma_A^2 \sigma_B^2 \geq \left(\frac{1}{2i} \langle [A, B] \rangle \right)^2$$

$$\sigma_x \sigma_p \geq \frac{1}{2i} \langle [\hat{x}, \hat{p}] \rangle = \frac{i\hbar}{2i} = \frac{\hbar}{2}$$

* minimum uncertainty packet: $\sigma_x \sigma_p = \frac{\hbar}{2}$ (gaussian)

need 2 equalities: $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{a) Schwartz } |f \rangle = c |g \rangle \\ \text{b) Im part } i \langle f|g \rangle \in \mathbb{R} \end{array} \right\} |f \rangle = ia |g \rangle$

for position & momentum space: $\hat{A} = \hat{p} = -i\hbar \frac{d}{dx}$ $\hat{B} = x$

$$(-i\hbar \frac{d}{dx} - \langle p \rangle) \Psi(x) = i\alpha (x - \langle x \rangle) \Psi(x)$$

$$-i\hbar \Psi' = (i\alpha (x - \langle x \rangle) + \langle p \rangle) \Psi$$

$$d \ln \Psi = \frac{d\Psi}{\Psi} = \xi dx = d \frac{-\hbar}{2\alpha} \xi^2$$

let

$$\xi = \frac{-\alpha}{\hbar} (x - \langle x \rangle) + \frac{i}{\hbar} \langle p \rangle$$
$$d\xi = \frac{-\alpha}{\hbar} dx$$

$$\Psi(x) = \Psi_0 e^{-\frac{\hbar}{2\alpha} \xi^2} = A \underbrace{e^{-\frac{\alpha}{2\hbar} (x - \langle x \rangle)^2}}_{\text{packet}} \underbrace{e^{i\langle p \rangle x / \hbar}}_{\text{phase (carrier)}}$$