## University of Kentucky, Physics 520 Homework #5, Rev. A, due Monday, 2017-10-09

**0.** Griffiths [2ed] Ch. 2 #1, #2, #3, #4.

1. A **bouncy neutron** is trapped in the vertical z-direction on a perfectly reflecting horizontal neutron mirror  $(V = \infty \text{ for } z < 0)$  and by the earth's gravitational potential V = mgz where m is the mass of the neutron and g is the acceleration due to gravity. Ignore the independent uniform horizontal motion in the x- and y-directions (see Nature 415 299 (2002)).

a) Write down the Hamiltonian for this system and solve for the energy eigenstates. *Hint:* Substitute the dimensionless parameter  $\zeta = z/z_0 + \zeta_n$  into the TISE and determine the constants  $z_0$  and  $\zeta_n$  in terms of  $m, g, \hbar, E$  to massage the TISE into the Airy equation,  $d^2\psi/d\zeta^2 - \zeta\psi = 0$ . This equation has two known independent solutions, the Airy functions Ai( $\zeta$ ) and Bi( $\zeta$ ). Quantize the energy by applying boundary conditions  $\psi|_{z=0} = 0$  and  $\psi|_{z\to\infty} \to 0$  to show that  $\zeta_n$  is the  $n^{\text{th}}$  root of Ai( $\zeta$ ).

**b)** Calculate the quantum gravitational height scale  $z_0$  [µm]. Calculate the total energy  $E_n$  [peV], frequency  $\omega_n/2\pi$  [Hz], and the classical turning points  $z_n$  [µm] for the three lowest quantum states n = 1, 2, 3. Plot the energies  $E_n$  and wavefunctions  $\psi_n(z)$  on the graph of V(z) as usual.

c) Given the initial wave function  $\psi_0(z) = 1/\sqrt{z_0}$  if  $0 < z < z_0$  and 0 elsewhere, calculate the initial amplitudes of the first three energy states at t = 0, and at any later time t. Using these three states, calculate the expectation value of energy  $\langle E \rangle$ . What frequency should one vibrate the mirror in order to excite a neutron from the ground state to the first excited state?